International Mathematical Olympiad Hong Kong Preliminary Selection Contest 2010

國際數學奧林匹克 香港選拔賽初賽 2010

29th May 2010 2010年5月29日

Time allowed: 3 hours 時限: 3 小時

Instructions to Candidates:

考生須知:

- (i) Answer ALL questions.本卷各題全答。
- (ii) Put your answers on the answer sheet. 請將答案寫在答題紙上。
- (iii) The use of calculators is NOT allowed. 不可使用計算機。

Let n be a positive integer. By removing the last three digits of n, one gets the cube 8. root of n. Find a possible value of n. (1 mark) 設 n 為正整數。若把 n 的最後三位數字刪掉,所得的數等於 n 的立方根。求 n的一個可能值。 (1分) Let p and q be integers such that p+q=2010. If both roots of the equation 9. $10x^2 + px + q = 0$ are positive integers, find the sum of all possible values of p. (1 mark) 設 $p \cdot q$ 為整數,且 p+q=2010。若方程 $10x^2+px+q=0$ 的兩根均為正整 數,求p所有可能值之和。 (1分) 10. A plane P slices through a cube of side length 2 with a cross section in the shape of a regular hexagon. The inscribed sphere of the cube intersects P in a circle. What is the area of the region inside the regular hexagon but outside the circle? (1 mark) 一個邊長為 2 的正方體被平面 P 切開,切面為正六邊形。內切於該正方體的 球體與P相交於一個圓形。位於正六邊形內及圓形外的區域的面積是多少? (1分) 11. Let ABCD be a square of side length 1. P and Q are two points on the plane such that Q is the circumcentre of $\triangle BPC$ and D is the circumcentre of $\triangle PQA$. Find the largest possible value of PQ^2 . Express the answer in the form $a + \sqrt{b}$ or $a - \sqrt{b}$, where a and b are rational numbers. (2 marks) 設 ABCD 為正方形,邊長為 $1 \circ P \circ Q$ 為平面上的兩點,使得 $Q \neq \Delta BPC$ 的 外心、D 是 ΔPQA 的外心。求 PQ^2 的最大可能值,答案以 $a+\sqrt{b}$ 或 $a-\sqrt{b}$ 形式表示,其中 $a \cdot b$ 為有理數。 (2分) 12. Let ABCD be a square of side length 3. P is a point on the plane such that each of $\angle APB$, $\angle BPC$, $\angle CPD$ and $\angle DPA$ is at least 60°. If each possible position of P is painted red, find the area of the red region. (2 marks) 設 ABCD 為正方形,邊長為 $3 \circ P$ 是平面上的一點,使得 $\angle APB \cdot \angle BPC \cdot$ $\angle CPD$ 和 $\angle DPA$ 均不小於 60° 。若把每個 P 的可能位置均塗上紅色,求紅色 區域的面積。 (2分) 13. 6 different points are given on the plane, no three of which are collinear. Each pair of points is to be joined by a red line or a blue line subject to the following restriction: if the lines joining AB and AC (where A, B, C denote the given points) are both red, then the line joining BC is also red. How many different colourings of the lines are possible? (2 marks) 在平面上給定 6 個不同的點,當中沒有三點共線。現要把任意兩點均以一條 紅線或藍線連起,並須符合以下規定:若AB和AC(這裡 $A \times B \times C$ 代表給 定的點)均以紅線連起,則 BC 亦必須以紅線連起。那麼,連線的顏色有多 少個不同的組合? (2分)

14. Let [x] denote the greatest integer not exceeding x, e.g. $[\pi] = 3$, [5.31] = 5 and [2010] = 2010. Given f(0) = 0 and $f(n) = f\left(\left[\frac{n}{2}\right]\right) + n - 2\left[\frac{n}{2}\right]$ for any positive integer n. If m is a positive integer not exceeding 2010, find the greatest possible value of f(m). (2 marks) [x] 表示不超過 x 的最大整數,例如: $[\pi] = 3$ 、[5.31] = 5、[2010] = 2010。

- 15. An equiangular hexagon has side lengths 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 (not necessarily in this order). If the area of the hexagon is $k\sqrt{3}$, find the sum of all possible values of k. (2 marks) 某等角六邊形各邊的長度為 $6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 \cdot 10 \cdot 11$ (不一定按此順序)。若這六邊形的面積為 $k\sqrt{3}$,求 k 的所有可能值之和。 (2分)
- 16. On the plane there are two triangles, each with side lengths 18, 24 and 30. If the two triangles do not completely overlap, but share the same circumcircle as well as the same inscribed circle, find the area of the region common to both triangles.

 平面上有兩個三角形,邊長都是 18、24、30。若兩個三角形並非完全重疊,但它們的外接圓相同,內切圓也相同,求兩個三角形重疊部分的面積。 (2分)
- 17. ABCD is a rectangle; P and Q are the mid-points of AB and BC respectively. AQ and CP meet at R. If AC = 6 and $\angle ARC = 150^\circ$, find the area of ABCD. (2 marks) ABCD 是長方形,P和 Q分別是 AB和 BC的中點,且 AQ交 CP於 R。若 AC = 6 而 $\angle ARC = 150^\circ$,求 ABCD的面積。
- 18. Let p, q, r, s be the four roots of the equation $2(10x+13)^2(5x+8)(x+1)=1$. If pq+rs is real, find the value of this real number. (2 marks) 設 $p \cdot q \cdot r \cdot s$ 為方程 $2(10x+13)^2(5x+8)(x+1)=1$ 的四個根。若 pq+rs 是實數,求此實數的值。
- 20. Let x be a non-zero real number such that $\sqrt[5]{x^3 + 20x} = \sqrt[3]{x^5 20x}$. Find the product of all possible values of x. (2 marks)
 設 x 為非零實數,使得 $\sqrt[5]{x^3 + 20x} = \sqrt[3]{x^5 20x}$ 。求 x 的所有可能值之積。 (2分)